SAFETY DATA SHEET
DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED

Product name: Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide

DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product name: Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Identified uses: End use herbicide product

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED
LEVEL 9, 67 ALBERT AVENUE
CHATSWOOD NSW 2067
AUSTRALIA

Customer Information Number: 1800-700-096
aucustomerservice@corteva.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: +61 2 9474 7350
Local Emergency Contact: 1800-370-754
For advice, contact a doctor (at once) or the Australian Poisons Information Centre: 131 126
Transport Emergency Only Dial 000

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal word: WARNING!
Hazard statements
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements
Prevention
Avoid release to the environment.

Response
Collect spillage.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE 8

This product is a mixture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt</td>
<td>1096483-37-2</td>
<td>60.22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picloram</td>
<td>1918-02-1</td>
<td>&lt; 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>&lt;= 39.68 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures
Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Hazchem Code: 2X

Suitable extinguishing media: To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Corteva Agriscience for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.
SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE, INCLUDING HOW THE CHEMICAL MAY BE SAFELY USED

Precautions for safe handling: Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters
Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value/Notation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Picloram</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Exposure controls
Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures
Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).
Skin protection
Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use chemical resistant gloves classified under standard AS/NZS 2161.10: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to AS/NZS 2161.10) is recommended. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
Other protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.
Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator.
The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapour cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Other Information:** Selection and use of personal protective equipment should be in accordance with the recommendations in one or more of the relevant Australian/New Zealand Standards, including:

- AS/NZS 1336: Eye and face protection – Guidelines.
- AS/NZS 1337: Personal eye protection - Eye and face protectors for occupational applications.
- AS/NZS 1715: Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment.
- AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves.
- AS/NZS 2210: Occupational protective footwear.
- AS/NZS 4501: Occupational protective clothing

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Characteristic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>3.7 1% pH Electrode (1% aqueous suspension)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>closed cup &gt; 100 °C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Vapour Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density (water = 1)</td>
<td>1.229 at 20.0 °C / 4 °C Digital Density Meter (Oscillating Coil)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic Viscosity</td>
<td>13.4 mPa.s at 20 °C 6.7 mPa.s at 40 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kinematic Viscosity</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>No significant increase (&gt;5C) in temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.
SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity
   Acute oral toxicity
   Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

   As product: LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

   Acute dermal toxicity
   Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

   As product: LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg  OECD Test Guideline 402

   Acute inhalation toxicity
   No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, narcotic effects were not observed. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

   As product: LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.12 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation
   Brief contact is essentially non-irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
   May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
   Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization
   Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.
   For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
   Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Carcinogenicity
For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Teratogenicity
For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid caused birth defects in test animals, but only at greatly exaggerated doses that were severely toxic to the mothers. No birth defects were observed in animals given clopyralid at doses several times greater than those expected during normal exposure.

Reproductive toxicity
For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity
For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Ecotoxicity
Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt
Acute toxicity to fish
For similar material(s): Material is practically non-toxic to fish on an acute basis (LC50 > 100 mg/L).
For similar material(s): LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, > 99.9 mg/l
For similar material(s): LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), 96 Hour, > 102 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
For similar material(s): Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic invertebrates on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 > 100 mg/L).
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 99 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
For similar material(s): Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
For similar material(s): ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 33.1 mg/l
For similar material(s): ErC50, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 d, > 3 mg/l
For similar material(s): NOEC, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 d, 0.0089 mg/l

Picloram
Acute toxicity to fish
Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, 8.8 mg/l
Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 44.2 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 78.7 mg/l
EC50, Lemna gibba, Growth inhibition, 14 d, 102 mg/l
ErC50, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 d, 0.558 mg/l
NOEC, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 d, 0.0095 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria
EC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish
Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), flow-through test, 70 d, 0.55 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 6.79 mg/l
LOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 13.5 mg/l
MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level), Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 9.57 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms
Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).
Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).
oral LD50, Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck), 14 d, > 2510mg/kg bodyweight.
dietary LC50, Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck), > 5000mg/kg diet.
contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, > 100micrograms/bee
oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 d, > 74micrograms/bee

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms
LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, survival, > 5,000 mg/kg

Balance
Acute toxicity to fish
No relevant data found.

Persistence and degradability
Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt
Biodegradability: For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

Picloram
Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions. Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen). Surface photodegradation is expected with exposure to sunlight.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 1.95 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301
Stability in Water (1/2-life): Hydrolysis, half-life, > 1.8 year, pH 5 - 9, Half-life Temperature 45 °C, Measured

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 12.5 Hour

Balance
  Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Bioaccumulative potential
Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt
  Bioaccumulation: For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Picloram
  Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.92
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.54 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Balance
  Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Mobility in Soil
Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt
  For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Picloram
  Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
  Partition coefficient (Koc): 35

Balance
  No relevant data found.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt
  This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Picloram
  This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Balance
  This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).
Other adverse effects

**Clopyralid-dimethylammonium salt**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Picloram**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Balance**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods:** If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

This product when disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste.

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**ADG**
Not regulated for transport

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**
- **Transport in bulk**
  - Not regulated for transport
  - Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**
Not regulated for transport

**Hazchem Code:** 2X

**Further information:**
Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods (ADG). This applies when transported by road or rail in packaging’s that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs per ADG Special Provision AU01.

Marine Pollutants in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less
for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code and IATA special provision A197.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule: S5
APVMA Approval Number: 65587

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)
The product is used in a biocide/pesticide application and is subject to the applicable regulation. It contains a component exempt from inventory listing requirements. Because an intentional component of the product is not on the inventory, the product may only be used in the exempt application.

SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Revision
Identification Number: 101191388 / A143 / Issue Date: 28.11.2019 / Replaces: 03.08.2016
DAS Code: GF-2551
Sections amended: 1, 14

Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AU OEL</td>
<td>Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Exposure standard - time weighted average</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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